**WORKSHEET-1**

**NLP**

**All the questions in this worksheet have one or more than one correct answers. Choose all the correct options to answer the questions:**

1. Which of the following are steps in NLP?

**Answer:** A) Lexical Processing B) Syntactic processing, D) Semantic processing

2. Which of the following tasks can be completed with only lexical processing?

**Answer:** A) Spam- Ham classification D) Question- Answering system

3. Which of the following are steps in lexical processing?

**Answer:** A) Breaking the text in to words B) Removing Stopwords D) POS-tagging

4. Which of the following tokenizers are available in NLTK?

**Answer:** A) word\_tokenize() B) sent\_tokenize()

5. What will be the output of the following lines of code?

from nltk.tokenize import word\_tokenize

doc = “I love #food #pasta”

print( word\_tokenize(doc))

**Answer:** B) [“I”, “love”, “#food”, “#pasta”]

6. What will be the output of the following lines of code?

from nltk.tokenize import TweetTokenizer

tknz = TweetTokenizer()

doc = “I love #food #pasta”

print( tknz.tokenize(doc))

**Answer:** C) [“I love ”, “#food#pasta”]

7. Which of the following is/ are true regarding to stopwords?

**Answer:** B) Since the frequency of stopwords is very high, removing stopwords results in a much smaller data.

C) removing stopwords results in faster computation.

8. In which of the NLP tasks we can remove stopwords?

**Answer:** A) spam-ham classifier building B) Language Translation task

9. which of the following is/are true regarding bag of words model of text?

**Answer:** A) It takes in to consideration of only the words present in the text and not the order of the words.

C) It captures the semantics of the text.

10. Consider the following two documents we create a bow representation using Count Vectorizer of NLTK library.

What will the shape of the resultant data?

from sklearn.feature\_extraction.text import CountVectorizer

Doc1 = "HE love python"

Doc2 = "HE love eating healthy"

vectrz = CountVectorizer()

Bow\_array = vectrz.fit\_transform([Doc1, Doc2])

print(Bow\_array.shape)

**Answer:** B) (2,5)

11. Which of the following are true regarding Tf-Idf?

**Answer:** C) All the words are treated equally regardless of whether they are present in other documents or not

**For questions Q12-Q15, Consider the following Documents and answer the Questions**

Document1: "Vapour, Bangalore has a really great terrace seating and an awesome view of the Bangalore skyline"

Document2: "The beer at Vapour, Bangalore was amazing. My favorites are the wheat beer and the ale beer."

Document3: "Vapour, Bangalore has the best view in Bangalore."

Please remove the stopwords from the above documents before answering the below questions:

12. What will be the tf-idf score of word “Bangalore” in Document 1?

**Answer:** A) 0.2

13. What will be the tf-idf score of the word “beer” in document 2?

**Answer:** D) 0.159

14. Which of the following statements are true regarding the above documents?

**Answer:** A) The tf-idf score of “vapour” is greater than tf-idf score of “Bangalore” in document 1

15. Which of the following are advantages of using tf-idf model over BOW model?

**Answer:** B) The tf-idf model gives equal importance to all the words in a document regardless of whether that word occurs in other documents or not, while BOW model takes in to consideration whether a word occurs in other documents also.